

# BAPTISM OF CHRIST (BAUTISMO DE CRISTO)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. RELIGIOUS



## DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

Ca. 1775 - 1780

DIMENSIONES

45 x 39 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil on canvas

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Documented work

TITULAR

Private collection

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

06 Jan 2010 / 13 Jun 2023

INVENTARIO

1080 -

## HISTORIA

The most common theory is that this piece was intended as a devotional painting for the banker Juan Martín de Goicoechea y Galarza. It was inherited by María Pilar Alcívar-Jáuregui y Lasauca, the second wife of one of the Counts of Sobradriel, appearing in a family inventory from 1867.

Until July 2022 the artwork belonged to the collection of the Count of Orgaz, month in which it was auctioned and passed to a private collector.

#### ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

The painting depicts Saint John the Baptist, the supposed recipient's namesake. The image is imbued with a mysticism which moves away from the rococo feel of earlier works to fully embrace the Italianate style which Goya picked up on his travels, evident in the sculptural treatment which gives the two figures an accentuated three-dimensional quality. The two men in the image are clothed in fastened robes. They have been placed on a black background lit up only by the ray of light emanating from the Holy Spirit. At their feet we can make out the blue of the River Jordan.

X-rays have revealed that Christ had been painted kneeling on the floor, his hands positioned lower down than in the final version. A hand had been painted in the upper part of the work, and there was an upside-down head after Giaquinto in the lower left-hand corner.

The painting has evoked differing opinions in terms of dates. Gudiol, Gassier, Wilson and Salas date the work as having been created around 1775-1780, no doubt because of the Italianate echoes in its style. In contrast, Arnaiz is of the opinion that the work can not have been painted any later than 1771-1775, between the artist's return from Italy and his move to Madrid.

#### CONSERVACIÓN

The painting was carried out on a surface prepared with a low concentration of glue, which caused extensive spider web craquelure very characteristic of some works by Goya from this period.

This meant that the pigment could easily flake away from the canvas along the edges of the paint islands formed by the cracking. Therefore, the painting was subject to reinforcement and restoration work in the 1980s.

#### EXPOSICIONES

##### **Goya joven (1746-1776) y su entorno**

Museo e Instituto Camón Aznar Zaragoza 1986  
consultant editor José Rogelio Buendía. November 21st to December 20th 1986  
cat. 38

##### **Goya (1746 – 1828)**

Galleria Internazionale d'Arte Moderna di Ca'Pesaro Venecia 1989  
consultant editor Antonio Fortún Paesa. From May 7th to July 4th 1989  
cat. 12

##### **Goya. El Capricho y la Invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas**

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1993  
from November 18th 1993 to February 15th 1994. Exhibited also at the Royal Academy of Arts, London, March 18th to June 12th 1994 and The Art Institute of Chicago, Chicago, July 16th to October 16th 1994, consultant editors Manuela B. Mena Marqués and Juliet Wilson-Bareau  
cat. 3

##### **Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746 – 1828**

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 1996  
consultant editor Federico Torralba Soriano. From October 3th to December 1st 1996  
cat. 18

##### **Goya e Italia**

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 2008  
organized by the Fundación Goya en Aragón, consultant editor Joan Sureda Pons. From June 1st to September 15th 2008  
cat. 205

##### **Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas**

Museo Goya. Colección Ibercaja Zaragoza 2015  
cat. 23

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GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet  
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### **Goya**

SALAS, Xavier de  
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### **Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas**

MENA MARQUÉS, Manuela B. et al.  
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Gobierno de Aragón

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p. 98, cat. 147  
1974  
Rizzoli

### **Goya e Italia, 2 vols.**

SUREDA PONS, Joan (comisario)  
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2008  
Fundación Goya en Aragón y Turner

#### **PALABRAS CLAVE**

**JUAN MARTÍN DE GOICOECHEA Y GALARZA BAUTISMO JESÚS**

#### **ENLACES EXTERNOS**